

WEATHER FORECAST

SAN FRANCISCO, April 24.—Weather forecasts for 24 hours ending 5 P. M. Tuesday: San Francisco and vicinity—Showers tonight and probably Tuesday; fresh southerly wind.

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NO. 103

CROKER WILL GO TO EUROPE.

The Boss Excused by the Mazet Committee Until Next August.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, April 24.—The Mazet investigation committee resumed its sessions today in the rooms of the Board of Trade and Transportation. After today's sessions, the committee expects to adjourn to May 9th.

The first witness was Captain Eason, who has done duty in Brooklyn for a good many years. The witness said the New York City Officers' Endowment Association was formed in April of this year. The Captains, Inspectors, Deputy Chiefs and Chiefs belonged to it. The witness said the police force took an interest in the bill providing for a single-headed police force while it was pending at Albany.

The Endowment Association, Captain Eason said, was a mutual benefit association by which members would receive \$1,000 on retiring or dismissal from the police force.

POLICE CAPTAIN TESTIFIES.

Captain Eason denied that in March last he addressed his officers and told them that they had been assessed by this new endowment association, and that as there were no saloons or pool rooms to be taxed in his precinct, which consists almost entirely of the Brooklyn bridge, they must chip in and help him out. Captain Eason alleged that he had not yet been assessed. Chief Deputy Captain Eason said, was the President of the Endowment Association.

Captain Eason said that upon the recent death of Police Captain Worth, the Endowment Association had charged all its members \$12.50 with which to make up the fund to Captain Worth's heirs. That was the only money, except a small amount paid for stationery, that he had paid to the association. Captain Eason said also that he had made no assessment such as that made by Mr. Clark. The witness denied that the Endowment

Association was a secret organization or that it had any political significance.

A SKILLFUL WITNESS.

Police Inspector Kane was the next witness. He asserted that he sent a telephone message to the conference of the Captains of his precinct on the night of February 20th, for what purpose he could not remember, but whatever was the cause of the call was assigned on the official books. He had not the books there. Inspector Kane said he took not the slightest interest in the pending police legislation at Albany. Mr. Clark's efforts to get the witness to acknowledge that the conference of the Captains was to discuss the Endowment Association of matters political were not successful.

CROKER TO GO TO EUROPE.

While Inspector Kane was being examined Mr. Croker arrived. Mr. Mess told him that he would not be needed today. Mr. Croker said he was anxious to go to Europe, as he had important business there that would suffer from his absence.

Mr. Mess had a consultation with Mr. Murphy, and they gave Mr. Croker permission to go to Europe if he would promise to return before the end of August. Mr. Croker said he was willing to accept the conditions, and Mr. Mess served him with a subpoena to appear before the committee August 20th.

A GUILTY INSPECTOR.

Inspector Kane was questioned regarding several alleged pool rooms running in his precinct. He said he had no knowledge of their existence. The proof of the existence of these rooms was given to the witness by Mr. Mess, and the inspector said he would look them up.

Police Captain Haughey was then called. He said that at the conference called by Inspector Kane on February 20th, the Captains, including himself, were given instructions "Something about excessive something about Sunday law."

White, but the subject of the appointment was not mentioned.

Several prominent Republican politicians here, who were seen, said they placed no confidence in the report of the appointment.

Repeated efforts to reach the Governor by telephone have proven unavailing. He either does not care to be interviewed or there is no one at his home at Downey to answer the telephone.

FROM SACRAMENTO.

SACRAMENTO, April 24.—The Governor's office denies all knowledge of the reported appointment of D. M. Burns as United States Senator.

The Governor's private secretary declares that he had such an appointment made he would have been apt to hear of it, and that he does not think the Governor would have kept it secret.

WHAT THE EXAMINER SAYS.

The Examiner today prints the following interview with Governor Gage:

"I have already appointed Dan Burns United States Senator to succeed Stephen M. White. His commission has not been made out yet, that's all."

"I tendered Mr. de Young the Paris commission, but he declined it. I am sorry he did. He would have made an excellent Commissioner."

"No appointments have been determined upon for the San Francisco Board of Health."

"It is difficult to obtain the right man for Adjutant-General. Other military appointments have not so far occupied my attention to any considerable degree."

"As to Labor Commissioner, it is my desire to make a selection from the labor organizations. I have in my mind the idea that the labor organizations send to the Governor five names, the choice to be made from the number so recommended."

"No, I have not made any appointment to discuss matters with Mr. Grant of San Diego, nor will I do so until I have better information than I now possess that he is a Republican."

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, April 24.—John Rooney, 22 years old, was shot and killed in Bedford, Westchester county, Mrs. Charles Loring is alleged to have killed Rooney. He was employed by her husband as a farm hand.

Rooney had been on a spree for two or three days. He was almost delirious when he returned to the Loring farm house last night. Mrs. Loring and her children were alone at the time. Rooney began to stone the dwelling and in the darkness Mrs. Loring, it is said, did not recognize him. Believing that he was a stranger who meant to harm her and her children, she secured her revolver and shot Rooney as he stood in the yard. The bullet pierced his left lung and is supposed to have penetrated his heart. He was found close to a barbed wire fence. Mrs. Loring is in custody. Mr. Loring is in business in New York and is away from home most of the time.

MOB'S AWFUL VENGEANCE.

Two More Negroes South Wrought to Are Put to Death Frenzy by a Black Brute's Crime.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. PALMETTO, Ga., April 24.—The body of Strickland, the negro implicated by Sam Hose in the killing of Alfred Cranford, was found swinging to the limb of a tree about one mile from town this morning.

The ears and fingers were cut off and on the body was pinned a placard bearing these words:

"We must protect our Southern women."

DEAD MAN A PREACHER.

Strickland was a negro minister, 60 years old. Sam Hose, just as the torch was about to be applied to the pile of wood under him yesterday, admitted that he killed Cranford, but said Strickland had given him \$12 to do the deed.

The confession of Hose caused great excitement here, and a crowd of men left home for Major Thomas', where Strickland works, and at dusk took the negro from the place and brought him into town.

HIS EMPLOYER'S VAIN PLEA.

Major Thomas made a speech to the mob while they were on his farm, urging them not to take the negro, and saying he believed the fellow was innocent. The men would not listen to him, however, and took Strickland with them.

It was brought into town and taken to the public square, where an impromptu trial was held. Everybody who knew Strickland was called upon to give testimony as to his character. Several negroes employed by Colonel Thomas said the negro was a law-abiding citizen and was not implicated in the Cranford affair. Others living near the Thomas place gave Strickland a bad name.

There were several people in the crowd who favored letting the law take its course, and suggested that the court adjourn to another place a mile from town where several people lived who knew Strickland.

With approval and the "court" moved out into the woods one mile away.

TORTURED FOR A CONFESSION.

Hose Strickland was strung up two or three times in an effort to get a confession from him, but each time he refused to say that he had any connection with Hose, and denied that he had paid Hose to murder Cranford. The crowd seemed to be evenly divided, and speech-making continued until daylight, when it was concluded to take the prisoner to jail at Fairburn. This was the last time that Hose was seen alive.

BODY HORRIBLY MUTILATED.

A couple of farmers coming into town this morning reported finding the body of Strickland hanging from the limb of a tree and shockingly mutilated. The City Marshal, it was learned, had been driven to the scene. The body of Strickland was secured and brought here for an inquest.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF THE MOB.

A telephone message received at 10 o'clock today says the mob which lynched Strickland captured Albert Sewell, a negro who expressed himself to the effect that the death of every negro should be avenged, and has put him to death.

MOB WILL BE LYNCHED.

The mob is said to be still on the hunt for negroes, and it is probable two more will be lynched.

MILITIA UNDER ARMS.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 24.—The Sixth Regiment, Georgia Militia, which was ordered under arms last night by Governor Chandler, spent the night in the armory here. It was stated that the militia was wanted to guard the County Jail as a protection to G. W. Kerlin, who killed Pearl Knott near Woodley, Georgia, last week, but it is generally believed the soldiers were wanted to prevent trouble at Fairburn. No further orders have been received from the Governor, and the men are still under arms.

A GHASTLY GIFT.

The people of this county have never

been so wrought up as they are over the Newman affair. Extra trains have carried 3,000 or 4,000 people to the scene. Most of them remained over night and returned to Atlanta this morning. Nearly every man brought a torch, and one showed a piece of Hose's heart, and said he was going to present it to Governor Chandler.

NIGROES THREATEN REVENGE.

MACON, Ga., April 24.—The Telegraph today publishes a statement that it would hardly be safe for Bishop Turner to come to this section of the State for feeling runs high against him. On the night the Cranfords were murdered, Turner spoke at Sharpsburg a short distance from the scene of the crime. It is said his utterances were bitter in reference to the action of the Palmetto citizens in killing four negroes. He advised the negroes to stand together. The next day the negroes assisted Hose in making his escape.

Many threats have been made by negroes that they will have revenge and further trouble is anticipated.

THE SOUTH IN A FRENZY.

ATLANTA, Ga., April 24.—The series of crimes which began with the burning of Palmetto by incendiaries, the lynching a month later of four negroes by the whites of that little town in retaliation, to be followed ten days ago by the murder of Alfred Cranford and the ravishing of his wife, for which the negro, Sam Hose, was burned at the stake yesterday, has stirred the people of Georgia and the South into a frenzied discussion of the serious problem revealed.

The question of the protection of the white women in the sparsely settled districts is the topic of the day. The Atlanta Constitution today devotes a page to a collection of opinions on how proper protection can be afforded to the women of the country.

GOV. CANDLER'S VIEWS.

"I think the wisest plan for protection will be for the Legislature to take up the matter and provide a sufficient State militia and funds to be expended for a patrol in the country districts."

WOULD ARM THE WOMEN.

Former Governor William J. Northen expressed himself as follows:

"My first suggestion is that all towns should be made miniature arsenals, at least to the extent of one good Winchester and one good pistol, that women be allowed to carry weapons and taught the use and handling of firearms, so that they may become their own protectors in the absence of the husband or master of the house. An occasional negro, lying dead in the back yard, shot by a brave woman in defense of her honor, will do more to stop this awful crime than all the lynchings that may occur in a year. I would have every county supplied with at least half a dozen well trained and equipped men, armed with the best of arms, who should have supervision of all lawlessness and disorder in the county."

SOCIETY WOMAN'S PLAN.

Mrs. Louise M. Gordon, a prominent figure in society, not only in Atlanta, but throughout the Southern cities, favors the equipment of a company of militia by each county. She says:

"The Mexican having power to hold a drum court-martial and to shoot the criminal if found. The percentage of crime is lower in Mexico than here, and robbery are rare, and yet trains are loaded with silver and bullion. It seems as if it would be a wise investment for our farmers to add a fund to what would be contributed by the Legislature to provide a well-equipped sufficient militia force for the counties as well as cities and towns, which, with the good moral effect it would surely bring, would drive fear away from sinking hearts."

Mrs. H. Felton, who produced a sensation by her assertion at the Agricultural Convention two years ago that a thousand negroes should be lynched every week until the outrages stopped, says she has no reason to change her opinion.

OTHER OPINIONS.

Attorney-General Terrill favors a bet-

ter enforcement of the laws. He says:

"The means of forcing our criminal laws would be very materially improved if a system of county police were established in every county in the State."

Hon. S. M. Inman, one of the wealthiest citizens of Atlanta, thinks the trouble could be averted if employers in the country would investigate the character and antecedents of people they employ.

Inspector-General O'Board said: "The Sheriff of each county should organize a regular posse of competent and determined men who would be ready at a moment's notice to respond to his call, and, in addition thereto, should maintain a pack of trained dogs to follow the trail when a crime is committed in his county. No expense or effort should be spared to discover the criminal and bring him to justice."

"Women may assist in their own protection by becoming familiar with the use of firearms and having them at hand when the occasion demands. It is not the duty of the militia to hunt criminals but to assist the civil authorities in protecting them when called upon."

[The lynchings reported in the foregoing dispatches are the culmination of a horrifying tragedy that began a week ago in Georgia. At that time Alfred Cranford, a white farmer living near the town of Palmetto, was eating supper with his wife and child. While so engaged Sam Hose, a negro, stole noiselessly through the doorway of the Cranford home and buried an ax in the latter's brain. He then choked Mrs. Cranford into helplessness and outraged her in her husband's blood. The negro was captured yesterday by two men and turned over to the Sheriff. The latter was forced by the mob to give up his prisoner. He was stripped, bound to a wood pile saturated with coal oil and burned alive, after being horribly mutilated by the maddened mob. Before the negro died he confessed to the murder and declared that he was insane. Mrs. Cranford, who gave no further name, was the past week today's dispatches tell the sequel.

As there are always two sides to these frightful occurrences, the following from the Atlanta Constitution, one of the leading newspapers of the South, is given as presenting the point of view of the Southern people:

"The terrible explanation which Sam Hose was forced to pay for his crime will arouse a flood of discussion, carried on by those who know the facts on the one side and by those who do not care for the victim on the other. But, while the form of this criminal's punishment cannot be upheld, let those who are disposed to condemn it look into the facts—and by these facts temper the judgment they may render."

"An unassuming, industrious and hard-working farmer, after his day's toil sat at his evening meal. Around him sat wife and children, happy in the presence of a man who was fulfilling to them every duty imposed by nature. At peace with the world, serving God and loyal to humanity, they looked forward to the coming day."

"Noiselessly, the murderer, with uplifted arm, advanced from the rear and sank an ax through the brain of the unsuspecting victim. Tearing the child from the mother's breast he flung it into the pool of blood oozing from his father's wounds."

"Then began the culmination which has deformed the reason of the people of Western Georgia during the past week. As order will follow the lynching, the 'Constitution' will be pardoned for stating the plain facts."

"The wife was seized, choked, thrown upon the floor, where her clothing lay in the blood of her husband, and ravished by the monster. Remember the dark night in the country home. Remember the slain husband, and, above all, remember that shocking degradation which was inflicted by the black beast, his victim swimming in her husband's warm blood, as the brute dug her to the floor."

"When the picture is painted of the ravisher in flames, go back and view that darker picture of Mrs. Cranford, outraged in the blood of her murdered husband."

HEAVY BATTLE IS IMPENDING.

Americans Are Marching on Calumpit, Where Enemy Is in Force.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. MANILA, April 24.—3:30 P. M.—General Hale at 4 o'clock this afternoon had crossed the Tibbag and had reached a position a quarter of a mile from Calumpit, thus commanding the ford. Prisoners captured by General Hale's troops say Aguinaldo, General Luna and the Filipino staff are at Calumpit with a great force of Filipinos.

MACARTHUR MOVES.

MANILA, 7:40 P. M.—General MacArthur's division left Malolos today, apparently intending to besiege Calumpit.

Before daylight the Fourth Cavalry, with three guns belonging to the Utah Battery, the Nebraska Regiment and the Iowa Regiment under Hale, were proceeding in the direction of Calumpit, where the Tibbag is fordable, but commanded by trenches.

LOOKING FOR TROUBLE.

During the afternoon the troops crossed the river. General MacArthur and Wheaton with the Montana Regiment advanced to the left of the railroad and the Kansas regiment moved forward to the right, north of Malolos. They had with them a long supply train with two armed cars in front, carrying the two Gatling and Colt rapid-fire guns and the six-

pounder which did such execution at the capture of Malolos.

REBELS BURN BRIDGES.

The insurgents attempted to destroy the bridge outside of Calumpit and succeeded in badly warping the iron framework.

As soon as the soldiers left the Filipino captives began flocking in, as they did at Santa Cruz before the last bout of General Lawton's expedition had sailed. Our army is compelled to abandon all towns when an onward movement is commenced, because of insufficient men to garrison them. This gives the Filipino leaders a framework upon which to spin stories of American defeat.

FEEDING THE NATIVES.

The American commanders have left great stores of rice at Malolos which they have been distributing to the natives and Chinese daily, of whom there were two or three hundred, nearly all of whom remained during the occupation, but who followed the American army out of the place. These refugees included some of the wealthiest citizens of that place.

Major Mulford of General Lawton's staff is in command of the Nebraska Regiment.

TOMB THE LAST RESTING PLACE.

Final Rites Over the Remains of E. J. Pringle.

All that is mortal of E. J. Pringle reposes in the tomb, and thus ends the closing chapter of a notable career. This morning the last sad services were held in St. Paul's Episcopal Church. The sacred edifice was filled with friends and associates of the deceased who had learned to love him for his many kindly ways and to appreciate his sterling worth. Gray-haired practitioners at the bar came to pay their last respects to their departed associate; little children were there to weep over the loss of their friend and hundreds of others were present to mourn with the family.

The funeral cortege left the home at 10:30 o'clock and reached the church shortly after 11 o'clock. The church had been transformed into a funeral bower. A large number of set pieces of beautiful design were tastefully arranged in the area, while on right and left bunches of lilies, roses and ferns filled in the background. These, the last gifts of the many sorrowing friends, were taken in charge of and arranged with loving care by Mrs. J. H. T. Wardman, Miss Pierce and Bernard Ransome.

The solemn music of Chopin's funeral march filled the edifice as the funeral procession slowly proceeded down the center aisle. First came Rev. Robert Ritchie, the rector, and closely following him were the honorary pall-bearers—all influential associates of the deceased. They were Judge Garber, Judge R. Hayne, General Chipman, Judge Field, H. A. Powell, Charles Malm, Calvin Paige, James A. White, S. C. Bigelow and J. B. McKee. The dark cloth casket, covered with lilies and a sheet of white, was borne by six bearers. The family sadly followed the remains, headed by E. J. Pringle, Jr., and the widow.

As the notes of the dirge died away the male quartette, composed of E. D. Cranford, Otto Wedemeyer, Clarence King and Robert Newell, sang the burial chant, "Lord Let Me Know Mine End."

Then Rev. Robert Ritchie read the Episcopal service, offering consolation to the living and commending the departed to the Lord.

General Wedemeyer sang Rodney's "Calvary" and the rector recited the "Lord's Prayer," concluding with a prayer for the soul which had passed to another sphere. "Nearer My God to Thee" was impressively sung by the quartette.

Then, as befitting the funeral march was played by Robert C. Newell, the procession left the church and the funeral cortege sadly wended its way to Mountain View cemetery, where, after simple service, the casket was placed in the family tomb.

The funeral offerings were elaborate. Among the most prominent were the following:

Beautiful crosses of lilies and ferns, from Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Smith; wreath of roses, Mrs. Mark Regan; bunch of white

lilies, Mrs. T. R. Hutchinson; floral piece of roses, Henry Horner; floral piece of sweet peas, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Ransome; her "Old Bunch of yellow roses, Leonard Ransome; wreath of roses, Miss Belle Hutchinson; wreath of roses, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. T. Wardman; rose floral piece, Alpha Delta Phi Association; lilies, Miss Williams; sweet peas, the Misses Hunt; lilies, Mrs. S. M. Morris; lilies, Miss Quinn; roses, Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Morris; lilies, B. M. Byrne; bunch of roses, Mr. and Mrs. G. D. Boyd; bouquet of lilies, Mrs. Henry Barwick; beautiful offering of lilies, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. McKee. It would be almost impossible to enumerate all the sorrowing friends present, so numerous were they. Among the throng were many of the former associates of the deceased, including beside those who sent floral tributes, a large number of prominent attorneys.

Though many have already been said about the life of E. J. Pringle, there are a few facts concerning his history which are not generally known. Though of a modest and retiring disposition, he was a man among thousands. Highly educated and with vast experience, he was recognized at the bar as one of the leaders in his line. He was a life member of the Bar Association; one of the charter members of the University Club; a member of the Pacific Union Club and president of the Harvard Club. He was the oldest Harvard graduate in California.

Beside his own immediate family, there survive a brother and three sisters of the deceased. One sister is the wife of Donald G. Mitchell of New Haven, the noted author.



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WOMAN KILLS A FARMHAND.

Shot While Stoning Her House in Drunken Fury.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. NEW YORK, April 24.—John Rooney, 22 years old, was shot and killed in Bedford, Westchester county, Mrs. Charles Loring is alleged to have killed Rooney. He was employed by her husband as a farm hand.

Rooney had been on a spree for two or three days. He was almost delirious when he returned to the Loring farm house last night. Mrs. Loring and her children were alone at the time. Rooney began to stone the dwelling and in the darkness Mrs. Loring, it is said, did not recognize him. Believing that he was a stranger who meant to harm her and her children, she secured her revolver and shot Rooney as he stood in the yard. The bullet pierced his left lung and is supposed to have penetrated his heart. He was found close to a barbed wire fence. Mrs. Loring is in custody. Mr. Loring is in business in New York and is away from home most of the time.

INQUIRY COURT'S LENGTHY REPORT

Expects to Complete Its Labors This Week.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, April 24.—The Wade Board of Inquiry held its last open session this afternoon and is now industriously engaged upon the preparation of the report, which will probably be completed this week. Over 4,000 typewritten pages of testimony have been taken.

The board spent the morning in executive session, and this afternoon Major Lee summed up the testimony on behalf of Major-General Miles.

Recorder Davis lent himself with the submission of pertinent extracts from the sworn testimony of officers before the War Commission.

Major Lee placed before the board without reading it the report of Major Garlington of the Inspector-General's department, which was forwarded to the board by General Brockbridge through Major-General Miles.

SECRETARY HAY BLAMES COGHLIN

Leaves Him to be Dealt With by the Navy Department.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. BERLIN, April 24.—It is announced in a semi-official note today that the United States Secretary of State, Colonel John Hay, has expressed to the German Ambassador, von Holleben, his strong disapproval of the conduct of Captain Joseph B. Coghlan, of the United States cruiser Raleigh.

GERMAN PROTESTS.

WASHINGTON, April 24.—The German government has entered a formal protest against the language used by Captain Coghlan of the cruiser Raleigh at the Union Club banquet in New York last Friday night. The protest was lodged with the Secretary of State through the German Ambassador, Herr von Holleben. Secretary Hay replied that the language appeared to have been used at a dinner in a club and could not be regarded as an

official or public utterance in the same sense that would warrant the State Department in acting. However, the Navy Department was fully competent to take such action as the case seemed to require.

With this reply the Ambassador was content for the time being and will doubtless await a reasonable length of time upon the Navy Department. There are semi-official intimations that the Ambassador will not so much concern himself with the course of Captain Coghlan as with the course of the United States in dealing with Coghlan. The German Ambassador stated today that the poem recited by Captain Coghlan was "too nasty to be noticed."

M'KINLEY'S NEURALGIA.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, April 24.—President McKinley was unable to see callers today and remained in his private apartment. At intervals during the last several days he has been in the hands of his dentist and is now suffering from neuralgia. He expects to be in his office tomorrow.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

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PROMOTION FOR COLONEL SMITH

Gallant Californian Is Now a Brigadier General.

Associated Press Dispatches by The Tribune's Special Leased Wire. WASHINGTON, April 24.—The President has appointed Colonel J. P. Smith of the First California Regiment a Brigadier-General of Volunteers.

The regiment is now in the Philippines. General Smith will be assigned to one of the brigades of General Otis' army.

LOUIS SWARTZ, a senior. boy, aged

1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024, 2025, 2026, 2027, 2028, 2029, 2030, 2031, 2032, 2033, 2034, 2035, 2036, 2037, 2038, 2039, 2040, 2041, 2042, 2043, 2044, 2045, 2046, 2047, 2048, 2049, 2050, 2051, 2052, 2053, 2054, 2055, 2056, 2057, 2058, 2059, 2060, 2061, 2062, 2063, 2064, 2065, 2066, 2067, 2068, 2069, 2070, 2071, 2072, 2073, 2074, 2075, 2076, 2077, 2078, 2079, 2080, 2081, 2082, 2083, 2084, 2085, 2086, 2087, 2088, 2089, 2090, 2091, 2092, 2093, 2094, 2095, 2096, 2097, 2098, 2099, 2100, 2101, 2102, 2103, 2104, 2105, 2106, 2107, 2108, 2109, 2110, 2111, 2112, 2113, 2114, 2115, 2116, 2117, 2118, 2119, 2120, 2121, 2122, 2123, 2124, 2125, 2126, 2127, 2128, 2129, 2130, 2131, 2132, 2133, 2134, 2135, 2136, 2137, 2138, 2139, 2140, 2141, 2142, 2143, 2144, 2145, 2146, 2147, 2148, 2149, 2150, 2151, 2152, 2153, 2154, 2155, 2156, 2157, 2158, 2159, 2160, 2161, 2162, 2163, 2164, 2165, 2166, 2167, 2168, 2169, 2170, 2171, 2172, 2173, 2174, 2175, 2176, 2177, 2178, 2179, 2180, 2181, 2182, 2183, 2184, 2185, 2186, 2187, 2188, 2189, 2190, 2191, 2192, 2193, 2194, 2195, 2196, 2197, 2198, 2199, 2200, 2201, 2202, 2203, 2204, 2205, 2206, 2207, 2208, 2209, 2210, 2211, 2212, 2213, 2214, 2215, 2216, 2217, 2218, 2219, 2220, 2221, 2222, 2223, 2224, 2225, 2226, 2227, 2228, 2229, 2230, 2231, 2232, 2233, 2234, 2235, 2236, 2237, 2238, 2239, 2240, 2241, 2242, 2243, 2244, 2245, 2246, 2247, 2248, 2249, 2250, 2251, 2252, 2253, 2254, 2255, 2256, 2257, 2258, 2259, 2260, 2261, 2262, 2263, 2264, 2265, 2266, 2267, 2268, 2269, 2270, 2271, 2272, 2273, 2274, 2275, 2276, 2277, 2278, 2279, 2280, 2281, 2282, 2283, 2284, 2285, 2286, 2287, 2288, 2289, 2290, 2291, 2292, 2293, 2294, 2295, 2296, 2297, 2298, 2299, 2300, 2301, 2302, 2303, 2304, 2305, 2306, 2307, 2308, 2309, 2310, 2311, 2312, 2313, 2314, 2315, 2316, 2317, 2318, 2319, 2320, 2321, 2322, 2323, 2324, 2325, 2326, 2327, 2328, 2329, 2330, 2331, 2332, 2333, 2334, 2335, 2336, 2337, 2338, 2339, 2340, 2341, 2342, 2343, 2344, 2345, 2346, 2347, 2348, 2349, 2350, 2351, 2352, 2353, 2354, 2355, 2356, 2357, 2358, 2359, 2360, 2361, 2362, 2363, 2364, 2365, 2366, 2367, 2368, 2369, 2370, 2371, 2372, 2373, 2374, 2375, 2376, 2377, 2378, 2379, 2380, 2381, 2382, 2383, 2384, 2385, 2386, 2387, 2388, 2389, 2390, 2391, 2392, 2393, 2394, 2395, 2396, 2397, 2398, 2399, 2400, 2401, 2402, 2403, 2404, 2405, 2406, 2407, 2408, 2409, 2410, 2411, 2412, 2413, 2414, 2415, 2416, 2417, 2418, 2419, 2420, 2421, 2422, 2423, 2424, 2425, 2426, 2427, 2428, 2429, 2430, 2431, 2432, 2433, 2434, 2435, 2436, 2437, 2438, 2439, 2440, 2441, 2442, 2443, 2444, 2445, 2446, 2447, 2448, 2449, 2450, 2451, 2452, 2453, 2454, 2455, 2456, 2457, 2458, 2459, 2460, 2461, 2462, 2463, 2464, 2465, 2466, 2467, 2468, 2469, 2470, 2471, 2472, 2473, 2474, 2475, 2476, 2477, 2478, 2479, 2480, 2481, 2482, 2483, 2484, 2485, 2486, 2487, 2488, 2489, 2490, 2491, 2492, 2493, 2494, 2495, 2496, 2497, 2498, 2499, 2500, 2501, 2502, 2503, 2504, 2505, 2506, 2507, 2508, 2509, 2510, 2511, 2512, 2513, 2514, 2515, 2516, 2517, 2518, 2519, 2520, 2521, 2522, 2523, 2524, 2525, 2526, 2527, 2528, 2529, 2530, 2531, 2532, 2533, 2534, 2535, 2536, 2537, 2538, 2539, 2540, 2541, 2542, 2543, 2544, 2545, 2546, 2547, 2548, 2549, 2550, 2551, 2552, 2553, 2554, 2555, 2556, 2557, 2558, 2559, 2560, 2561, 2562, 2563, 2564, 2565, 2566, 2567, 2568, 2569, 2570, 2571, 2572, 2573, 2574, 2575, 2576, 2577, 2578, 2579, 2580, 2581, 2582, 2583, 2584, 2585, 2586, 2587, 2588, 2589, 2590, 2591, 2592, 2593, 2594, 2595, 2596, 2597, 2598, 2599, 2600, 2601, 2602, 2603, 2604, 2605, 2606, 2607, 2608, 2609, 2610, 2611, 2612, 2613, 2614, 2615, 2616, 2617, 2618, 2619, 2620, 2621, 2622, 2623, 2624, 2625, 2626, 2627, 2628, 2629, 2630, 2631, 2632, 2633, 2634, 2635, 2636, 2637, 2638, 2639, 2640, 2641, 2642, 2643, 2644, 2645, 2646, 2647, 2648, 2649, 2650, 2651, 2652, 2653, 2654, 2655, 2656, 2657, 2658, 2659, 2660, 2661, 2662, 2663, 2664, 2665, 2666, 2667, 2668, 2669, 2670, 2671, 2672, 2673, 2674, 2675, 2676, 2677, 2678, 2679, 2680, 26

LOUIS SWARTZ, a single boy, aged 1

Johann Hoff's Malt Extract Has No Superior

...Johann Hoff's Malt Extract

ED. ROWLAND,
Orinda Park, Contra Costa Co., Cal.

Oakland Tribune
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FIVENICS AT SHELL MOUND PARK.
Sunday, April 24th—Knights of Red Branch, San Francisco.
May 1st—St. Francis' Parish of San Francisco.



NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.
Any subscriber not receiving The Tribune regularly, will please send a notice to this office and the complaint will be attended to at once.

MONDAY.....APRIL 24, 1899.

Brandes has driven another nail in the coffin of his liberty by his attempt to break jail. The effort shows that he is not the religious sentimentalist that he posed as being when his case was before the jury.

Sir Harry Cooper has been effectively relieved of his own barrel in the San Quentin conspiracy case. He will not only be a marked man for life by the convicts he betrayed, but his wholesale lying to the prison officials has brought him severe punishment and the loss of his credits.

The ideal husband has been found. He is the millionaire shoemaker of Boston, who has made a settlement of \$25,000 a year on his ex-wife as an expression of his approval of the new matrimonial alliance she has formed. Men of his description may have wings about them somewhere.

The would-be alluring tales from the Klondike will fall flat in California this year, for the farmers have got all the gold mines they want right on their ranches. The April showers will put the finishing touches to their prospects, for they ensure bountiful crops of every description. The man with the hoe will have more money than the man with the pen by the time the harvests are all in.

June will be a bonanza month in California this year if all the predictions regarding it are fulfilled. The California volunteers are expected to return from Manila about the 15th of that month, and it is figured that President McKinley will reach here just about the same time. This won't be a doubtful State for the Republican party after that combination materializes.

A chair trust is being organized with a capital of \$25,000,000. Its promoters will doubtless not feel sore if the enterprise is set down on.

The passing of Attorney E. J. Pringle has left a vacancy in the Supreme Court Commission for the second time. Pringle having been appointed to succeed Niles Searles, resigned. As the position pays \$5,000 a year and is practically for life, there is already a big competition for it. Many prominent names having been mentioned in connection with the appointment. The permanency of the situation is made practically certain by the fact that the terms of the Supreme Court Justices, who control the place, end at varied intervals, thus making it possible for the Commissioners to be always in alliance with the majority on the bench.

The English aristocrats who have been inclined to sneer at American ostentation and call it snobbery will have to take a new tack in view of the incidents connected with the marriage of the Earl of Rosebery's daughter. The bride party was posed before a cinematograph, and even during the wedding march from the altar they walked to time so that the pictures would be perfect. All of this was for the purpose of depicting the pomp and grandeur to their friends later, so it is hard to see how these dwellers in glass houses will be able to throw stones from now on.

THE POSTOFFICE BIDS.

The brisk competition for the site of our public building has resulted in the presentation of such a varied assortment of available property that the Supervising Architect of the Treasury Department will have to be a modern Solomon to decide which is the best proposition advanced. Even those who reside here and who therefore know the respective advantages of the offers would find it hard work to give an opinion on the thirty well-distributed and well-figured parcels of land presented.

The wide range in prices starts in with \$30,000 for the property offered by J. H. Macdonald on the east side of Jefferson between Eighth and Ninth and runs to the \$130,000 lot on the northwest corner of Fourteenth and Clay submitted by H. G. Allen. Intermediary can be found all sorts and conditions of land, nearly all of which is admirably adapted for the purposes required.

A NEST OF TRAITORS.

The country is on the eve of a sensational scandal if it be true that the Federal officials have secured evidence that certain anti-expansionists have been endeavoring to incite mutinous discontent among the troops at Manila by sending them incendiary communications calculated to shake the ardor of their patriotic attack upon the insurgents. According to the press dispatches, General Otis secured the convicting documents from members of his forces, and the Washington officials have succeeded in running the offenders to earth at this end.

On the face of things it looks as if prosecution for high treason would follow, but an examination of the wording of the United States Constitution appears to prevent that course being followed. Article 3, Section 3, which treats of the offense in question, provides as follows: "Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort." It is apparent, therefore, that as the traitors were careful enough not to have direct communication with the Philippines they would be able on technical grounds to avoid conviction on that score, though theoretically they would be guilty.

That the Government will take steps to punish them in some way, though, will be the hope of every loyal citizen. Public condemnation is not enough rebuke to traitors even though they be tried to scorn from every house-top in the land—they should be made to feel the lash of the law in some more practical manner. An inkling of what was going on among these enemies to the nation was given at the public banquet of Single-Taxers and Socialists in New York the other night when one of the speakers, after vehemently attacking the Administration's policy in the Philippines, prayed that the God of battles might bring swift defeat to our soldiers there.

Out upon such traitors, for they deserve no place in a land where every man should be standing shoulder to shoulder against the rest of the world. They lack the first instincts of patriotism, because their shallow natures cannot comprehend the dignity of American citizenship or the scope of the great brotherhood in which their lot is cast. The Administration should carry out its announced intention to proclaim them from one end of the land to the other, so that the people may be able to mark the traitors that are in their midst.

It is hard luck that California has no one to present as a candidate for the speakership of Congress, especially as such a boom has been inaugurated to give the place to a Western man. One of our principal political errors, though, has ever been the constant changing of our Congressmen, for just about the time they begin to have any influence at Washington along comes an election and wipes them all out. In future, if we feel satisfied that we have good, first-class representatives in Congress, let us keep them there and not regard the office as simply a place carrying a salary of \$5,000 a year.

There is something peculiar about the announcement that the German soldier who was arrested for high treason on a charge of disclosing important army secrets to Russia, escaped while being taken in chains to the State Prison at San Juan. It looks as if his flight was convulsed at so as to avoid a possibility of a disruption such as attended the Dreyfus case in France, and perhaps also because the Kaiser did not want to take the chances of being forced into a quadrilateral with Russia. It is a pretty sure thing, too, that the fugitive will never be heard of again in life.

The residents of Berkeley are going to have a grand jollification to celebrate their recent temperance victory at the polls. It is to be sincerely hoped that none of the male residents who have quarrelsome back pockets will make any mistake and celebrate the wrong way. Strange things are liable to happen, though, in the best regulated temperance towns.

Mrs. Craven has opened up a new chapter in the famous litigation over the millionaire mining man's estate. The attorneys on the other side should not complain, though, for it means more work for them and consequently more fat fees. That particular "bill of fair" will be a very elaborate one by the time they get through with it.

The Reliance Club does well to re-elect year in and year out its present set of officials. They have brought the organization up to a high state of prosperity and have gained for the club an enviable reputation as a center for clean, wholesome amateur sport. Under such conditions it would be folly to even think of a change.

Illinois is going to give the voting machines a test. The scandals connected with the recent election in Chicago have stirred the people up to the necessity of finding some way to dispose of the "fingers" and "stuffers" who invariably continue to beat the game under the present system.

Miss Hodge says that her breach of promise suit for \$50,000 against Capitalist John Nichol is brought for the purpose of vindication and not for what cash there is in it. She couldn't expect to get \$50,000 out of a Nichol under any circumstances.

The national income last month shows an increase of \$5,000,000 over that of March, 1898. McKinley will be able to go before the people next year with a balance sheet that will prove that the right kind of men are running the country's affairs.

THE SENATORSHIP.

Interviews throughout the country with members of the United States Senate show that Senator Quay at least has a fighting chance of obtaining his seat as a result of his appointment by Governor Stone. While some such as Senator Perkins state that they do not believe the decision in the Corbett case will be reversed, others like Senators Penrose and McMillan are of the opinion that Quay will be able to make his fight a winning one.

A point that has been advanced and is deserving of attention is that Quay's former service in the Senate will insure powerful personal influence being exerted in his behalf. Corbett went to Washington from Oregon a stranger to all there and had to make his fight without any of that personal support that means so much when a decision is in doubt and can be considered just whichever way it is given. Quay on the other hand will not only have the good will of the former colleagues at his back but what is still more potent, he will to a great extent have the Administration enlisted in his behalf for he was always a loyal party man on every question of State. Furthermore McKinley is a candidate for renomination and Quay as the head of the Pennsylvania political machine is the man to whom he must look for the delegation from that State.

Governor Gage is evidently satisfied with the prospects of the Quay test case, for his declaration that he has appointed Colonel Burns to succeed Stephen M. White means that advantage is to be taken of the situation as far as California is concerned. There is added strength lent to the Burns appointment by reason of the fact that the Legislature on the closing day of the session did not meet at the hour of noon and ballot for United States Senator as provided in the Federal statutes. It is therefore claimed that Governor Gage obtains a right of appointment because the Legislature did not do its duty.

Governor Gage's action is a hard blow to the Grant forces, who have been assiduously at work since the session closed. If of course disposes of all possibility of an extra session, as there would be nothing to be gained by such a gathering.

Another striking illustration of the danger of circumstantial evidence is furnished in the case of the latest mystery of the Morgue. Certain visitors positively identified the remains as those of an up-country resident with whom they were well acquainted, and the Coroner's jury was just about to return a verdict on those lines when along came word from the individual in question that he was very much alive and kicking. Suppose the same testimony had been offered where it would send a man to the scaffold, what then?

Street Superintendent Miller will probably make a contest for the office of City Engineer. It is his business to make clean sweeps wherever possible, and he thinks he should exhaust every opportunity to give the Republicans one as regards the Board of Public Works.

We should not be satisfied over here in Oakland with merely having a holiday on Dewey Day. Celebrations are being arranged all over the State, and we should have one, too. Now is the time for our patriotic organizations to step to the front.

Oakland bobbies and University students are going to have a contest with rifles. Later on they can try one with clubs—the "frats" are well equipped in that regard.

The importance of taking a good Spring Medicine is well known—in fact, its necessity is universally admitted. To argue this point is useless—takes up your time and wastes our space. The real question is, what to take? Of course, you want the best. For your blood you want a medicine which cures blood diseases. For your appetite, stomach, and dyspepsia symptoms you want a medicine containing appetite-giving, stomach-toning, dyspepsia-curing qualities. For that tired feeling, dull headache, miserable, all run down condition, you want a true tonic to bone sinew, nerve and muscle—not a stimulant. Now we can prove, we have proved, we DO prove each and every day in the year, that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best; that it is unequalled as a general Spring Medicine; that it meets every requirement above named and more. We prove this by thousands of testimonials—not from people anxious to advertise themselves, but from people in the same walk of life as you. And our testimonials tell of cures, real, bona fide CURES. We believe when you have given it a fair trial you will agree that America's Greatest Medicine and best Spring Medicine is Hood's Sarsaparilla. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

TO THE STUDENTS.

The Editor's Roast of Few Plain Statements to the Members of the Faculty.

By THE EDITOR.

A word to the students of the State University. Are you students or hoodlums? Are you trying, hoping some day to become educated men, or are you inveterate, hopeless, ill-born rowdies? Does education educate, or in your case, is it a gigantic, foregone failure? These are questions which you yourselves have raised against yourselves, by your deliberately issued "Blue and Gold." Here, if ever, is an instance where license has overleaped itself. A deluged number of the members of the class of 1900, the junior class, a body of students who, for the most part, have had the advantages of three years' sojourn under the civilizing influences of the State's great seat of learning, and of fraternizing with the wise and gentlemen who constitute its faculty, have thrown away every rule and restraint of comity and decency and gratitude and self-respect, to foul the nest that shelters them and to write down themselves and such of their fellow students as abet and tolerate them as asses and worse. It is not yourselves and your class, and the present generation of California students of all classes alone whom you have degraded and defiled. You have raised the presumption of doubt and the burden of proof against the whole system of education to which the great State of California stands committed. Is that system radically, fatally wrong? What screws in it are loose that it produces such results? Is it the system, is it the men in charge of the system, or is it merely the untoward character of the material in hand, that is to be held accountable for this pitiful, this amazing product? True, you cannot make a purse out of a sow's ear, nor out of a couple of hundred of them. Incredibly "low-down fellows of the baser sort" will write themselves down as such, as soon as they are taught how to write and how to denigrate their mother tongue by putting words together. Is this the key to the present "Blue and Gold" situation, or must the people of the State of California, who have generously nurtured a State University, be forced to the conclusion that they have founded a nursery of vipers among the Berkeley hills? The present issue of the "Blue and Gold" out-herods Herod in the matter of sheer, coarse, ruffianly license. The most of its personalities, especially so far as members of the faculty are concerned, are not jokes. They are not wit, except of the most protoplasmic variety. They are not fun, nor any mere exuberance of animal spirits and boyish daring. They are brutal abuse, betraying depths of depravity and maturity in coarseness not heretofore suspected in the most degenerate specimen of the San Francisco hoodlum, far less in the California student. That a college class, or an entire college might here and there, or rather in some one unaccountable instance produce a mind capable of being the author of such harsh, sheer, or volume, as this "Blue and Gold," is conceivable. That any class, or any larger body of students in this institution, or in any institution outside the realm of so-called and misplaced penology, could have done so, was not at all to be conceived. Will the students of the University of California submit to the reproach that has been thus put upon their good name? Will they allow the stigma to extend to and remain upon the University? Will they tacitly endorse and futher the coarse glib and the bitter and brutal abuse which the riotous yet feeble-witted imaginations of these cub editors have turned out as types and indices of the back-door frame of mind of the California student? Or will they rise in their wrath and recall and confound the offending edition and bury it with the freshman Bourdon and with the Stanford ax? And just one word to the faculty. Are you not only wise and gentlemen, but are you moral cowards? Are you inert enough to let these offenses pass? Do you imagine for a moment that way dignity lies? Do you deceive yourselves with the illusion that dignified silence, or generous good nature or smiling superiority is the remedy for so wanton, so open, and, unless the body of students shall repudiate it, so organized an offense against your authority and against the good name of the University whose guardians, as well as representatives you are? If you do, will you not deserve the imputations, ribald though they be, that have been put upon you severally, personally and publicly? If you do, will you not make yourselves parties to the innumerable crimes against good taste and ordinary decency, against the University and against the State of California, perpetrated by the 1900 "Blue and Gold?"

Personal and Social.

Miss Mae Martin has returned to San Lorenzo after a visit to Miss Ethel Renshaw of this city.

Dr. O. S. Dean was recently in Alvarado, the guest of George Beebe.

Mrs. Frances P. Britton and little daughter, who have been spending three months in this city, guests of Mr. and Mrs. Hazlett, have returned to their home in New York city.

Mrs. Jeannette Ware has returned from San Francisco.

Mrs. Mary Boyd of Point Arena, has been visiting her sister, Mrs. Will, of this city.

Miss Evelyn Bunting of Centerville spent several days in this city last week.

Mrs. C. B. Lee was visiting friends in Decoto last week.

Miss Carrie Ellsworth has returned to Niles after spending a week in this city visiting her brother, H. G. Ellsworth, and wife.

Mrs. A. H. Breed has returned from a two weeks' visit in Southern California. She was the guest of her sisters in Ventura and Los Angeles.

Frank Boren of Stanford University was recently visiting friends in this city.

Dr. and Mrs. A. S. Larkey were recently in Hollister.

Mrs. A. Hampel of Nevada City was recently visiting in this city.

Miss Millie Foote is visiting in Suisun.

D. D. Barnard has returned to Eureka after a visit in this city.

Judge and Mrs. Frederick Olft are traveling in Southern California.

Mrs. Louveau has returned to New York after a visit to her daughter, Mrs. Harkon, of Alcatraz avenue.

John Young of Marysville is visiting his sister, Mrs. Sarah Young, in Golden Gate.

(Sweet, Fortune, so forget me not!) And you to meet me!
I do not ask her for her gold,
(Such favors, would I win them?)
Just a warm heart in wintry cold,
Where Love's dear story may be told—
(Just all the love my arms would hold
When you are in them!)
For Fame is but a fickle breath,
And Fortune flies her tether;
'Tis Vanity, the preacher saith:
Give me to love you, dear, till death—
Till the green sod covereth
Our hearts—together!
—Atlanta Constitution.

With gathering years the earth has not grown tame.
In man's firm clasp a mere imprisoned ball,
Though conquering feet have trodden nearly all,
And even the uncharted have received a name;
There still loom heights deserving of man's aim:
Forbidden Isles still lie beyond his thrall
The silent polar deserts heed not his call,
And almost tropic winds he scarce dare claim.
Yet, when at last the globe is mastered quite,
And prying man has left no inch unscanned,
He stands a pause before earth's moods of might
That lift the sea and toss the desert sand,
That set the dread volcano's torch alight,
And send strange tremors through the startled land.
—Meredith Nicholson.

THE NEW ARLINGTON.

Down thy long piney avenues,
Fair Arlington, today,
The muffled drumbeat sounds again
The soldier's reveille;
The tumbled flags, the funeral train,
Ah! how the past comes back,
Where "neath thy low green tents thy dead
Still keep their bivouac!

Thy dead, who come to thee in blue
From fur-fur fields of strife;
Thy dead, who for the Union gave
Their valor and their life—
Room for these other dead, who come
From other fields today!
Take them together, side by side,
Comrades in Blue and Gray!

Healed in the tender peace of time
The wounds that once were red
With hatred and with hostile rage,
While sanctified brothers bled,
They leaped together at the call
Of country—one in one,
The soldiers of the Northern hills,
And of the Southern sun!

Under the common flag they marched,
Under its glory fought;
Under the common love for it
Their deeds heroic wrought.
'Vance' and 'Rebel' side by side,
Beneath one starry fold—
Today, amid our common tears,
Their funeral bells are tolled.

Open thy gates, fair Arlington!
Beneath thy many a flag
We wear them for a little sleep,
A little dream of God!
Brothers who fell as brothers should,
Who fought as brothers fight—
Under the banner of the free,
The ensign of the right!

Room for the dead among thy dead,
Who sleep in garments blue!
Bound in a firmer bond today,
We dedicate them to thee,
Thy peaceful shades of mortal rest,
Thy hallowed lanes of sleep,
Unto the firmer faith we know,
The deathless truth we keep!

Bowed, with her heart upon her sleeve,
Her tears for those who fell
Upon the summit of San Juan,
In Cuba's battle-bell—
Thy Nation's music of drums proclaim
Her sovereign grief today—
Take them together, side by side,
Comrades in Blue and Gray!
—Folger McKinley in Baltimore News.

Dewey's Thanks for Red Apples.

Mrs. Leonora M. Chapman of Seward, who sent Admiral Dewey a box of fine Oregon red apples last fall, has received in reply this letter, which she naturally prizes very highly:
"MANILLA, P. I., Dec. 27, 1898.—My Dear Mrs. Chapman: The delicious red apples you so kindly sent me were greatly appreciated and thoroughly enjoyed. I am especially fond of apples, and a good one is a great delicacy here. Please accept my many thanks for your kindness, and with best wishes believe me yours very truly,
"GEORGE DEWEY."
—Portland Oregonian.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves and build up your health. Easy to take. No harm. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by Osceola Bros., Seventh and Broadway.

Aetna ICE Co.
359 Thirteenth street. Special Rates to Families. Telephone Main 191. W. H. McDONALD.

Positive Bargains.
Odd washstands, bureaus, bedsteads, chairs and substantial rockers. A line of new wire and top mattresses. A No. 1 articles; must go. Sale absolute. 408 Eleventh street, corner Franklin street. H. Scheelhaas' old store.

Strictly First Class.

There is one strictly first class express service in Oakland—that of the People's Express Company. The company checks baggage at your house and at any point on the Southern Pacific system free of charge. Telephone main 223. Office, northeast corner Broadway and Ninth street.

"The Creamerie"
Is a modern first-class restaurant and luncheon parlor for business men and families. 469 Ninth street. R. J. Barber, proprietor.

The White Van.
Of E. C. Lyon, the furniture king, is the best in Oakland in which to move your furniture and piano. Elegant storage warehouses. Telephone 354 red.

Not one is twenty are free from some little stomach ailment caused by indigestion of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

The Flor De Piedmont.

Is a pure Havana cigar, popular with everybody. Ask for it. Robert Kuersal, manufacturer, Eighth and Broadway.

Bush & Sheehan's Saloon.

Is noted for polite service, straight whites, nice environments and the best lager on draught. B. E. cor. Eleventh and Broadway.

White Bicycles.
New '99 models, general repairing. B. L. Sargeant, 1257 Washington st. Tel. blue 722.



MOTHER AND BABY.
Nature is cruel and visits upon mother and babe alike the results of the mother's neglect and carelessness. It is an oft-told tale—the mother dies in the agony of child-birth, and in a few short months the sweet babe follows her to the cemetery.
If women will only learn, and teach their daughters, the supreme importance of keeping the distinctly feminine organism in a perfectly vigorous and healthy condition, this ever-recurring tragedy will soon be a story of the past. If women who suffer from weakness and disease of these delicate organs will write to Dr. R. V. Pierce at Buffalo, N. Y., they will learn that in order to recover and maintain their health at this respect, it is not generally necessary to submit to the humiliating examinations and local applications insisted upon by physicians.
Dr. Pierce, a woman, places her case, without change, in the hands of an eminent and skillful specialist, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y.—one of the leading medical institutions in the world, with a staff of nearly a score of eminent practitioners. Dr. Pierce's favorite Prescription cures all weakness and disease of the organs distinctly feminine. Honest druggists recommend it instead of urging a substitute for a little extra profit.

I have been a great sufferer from female disease, writes Mrs. J. Clark, of New Remedy Co., Ga. "I was confined to my bed three years. Nine bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription completely cured me."
Good temper is largely a matter of good health, and good health is largely a matter of healthy activity of the bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure constipation. They are safe, sure and speedy, and on the stomach do not have to be taken always. One little "Pellet" is a gentle laxative, and two a mild cathartic. Druggists sell them.

AMUSEMENTS.

MACDONOUGH THEATER.
MORITZ ROSENTHAL
The Greatest Living Pianist.
One Recital Only.

Thursday Evening, April 27
At 8:15.
Prices.....\$1.50, \$1.00, 75c, 50c.
Seats now on Sale.

THE DEWEY THEATER.
Lauders, Lessee, Joseph Muller, Mgr.
TODAY and TOMORROW, Matinee Saturday.
The Grand Stock Company. (Formerly Moscoso's, in the Great Company.)
THE GIL FROM CHILI
Ballet. Grand.
You will laugh, scream and yell.
Seats on Sale at Kelly's Drug Store, 12th and Broadway, and at box office. Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c.

Racing. Racing.

CALIFORNIA JOCKEY CLUB.
Winter Meeting, 1898-99. Beginning MONDAY, APRIL 24, and ending SATURDAY, APRIL 29th, Inclusive.

OAKLAND RACE TRACK.
Racing Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

FIVE OR MORE RACES EACH DAY.
Races Start at 2:15 P. M. Sharp.
Ferry-boats leave San Francisco at 12 M. and 12:30 P. M., 1:30, 2:30, 3:30 and 4:30 P. M., connecting with tracks stopping at the entrance to the track. Buy your ferry tickets at Shell Mound.

Remind me to inform you the Track at 4:15 and 4:45 P. M. and immediately after last race.
J. J. H. WILLIAMS JR., President.
R. B. MILROY, Secretary.

SAN FRANCISCO.

THE GREAT HISTORICAL PANORAMA
Battle of Manila Bay

Entrance of American Fleet. Spaniards Guarded the Bay. Spanish ships in flames.
First California Regiment Storming Fort San Antonio.

OPERA GLASSES.
OPEN DAILY, 9 A. M. TO 10 P. M.
ADMISSION, 50c; CHILDREN, 25c.
H. GILMOUR, Manager.

Grand Opera House.

HOME OF OPERA.
—THIS EVENING AT 8—
The Southwell Opera Company in Sousa's Glorious Opera,

EL CAPITAN.....EL CAPITAN
EL CAPITAN.....EL CAPITAN
EL CAPITAN.....EL CAPITAN
EL CAPITAN.....EL CAPITAN

NOTE—On account of the immense seating capacity the following prices are now in effect:
ENTIRE ORCHESTRA (Reserved).....50 c.
DRESS CIRCLE (Reserved).....25 c.
GALLERY (Not Reserved).....15 c.



"JACK SPRAT COULD EAT NO FAT,"
his wife could eat no lean," and so they surely would have been suited with our juicy and prime meats. That the fat is of such sweet and exquisite flavor, and the lean so tender, succulent and nutritious. The fat on our beef, lamb and mutton shows alone the superior quality of our meats. They are fit for a King.

METROPOLITAN MARKET
474 Eleventh St.
Between Broadway and Washington
Tel. Green 492.

Pure and Sparkling A Delicious Drink
Pacific Congress Water
From PACIFIC CONGRESS SPRINGS Santa Cruz Mountains.

Oakland Pioneer Soda Water Co.
12th and Webster Sts.
Tel. Main 672. Oakland, Cal.

CHILDREN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE.

Nearly Burned While
Asleep in Their
Room.

The family of T. P. Pehoy narrowly escaped death by fire yesterday morning. The fire originated in the bath room where a waste basket containing waste paper and matches is supposed to have become ignited from a partly burnt match thrown into it earlier in the evening.

When the fire was discovered by Officer Lynch, who turned in an alarm, the house was rapidly filling with smoke and in a few minutes the family would surely have been suffocated.

In the room adjoining the bath room three children were sleeping. The fire had burned through the partition and the door was forced open. The children were very much affected by the smoke but soon recovered when taken into the open air.

Although the damage will not amount to much the family is certainly fortunate in having escaped as easily as it did.

PLAYS AT THE LOCAL THEATERS.

They promise a rare comedy treat down on Twelfth street this evening, for "The Girl From Chili" has arrived and will prove a right jolly border on the Dewey Opera House, where she will take longings for the week. She will be the guest of the Grand Stock Company, and as a genial host no band of players have proven more entertaining than Morocco's old-time company, which fortunately favors Oaklanders with a new and crisp sample of their ability every week. "The Girl From Chili" is one of the brightest plays written. It is a pure farce comedy of the liveliest kind and will furnish no end of amusement for all those who attend that popular home of amusement.

ROSENTHAL AT MACDONOUGH.

Rosenthal, the famous pianist, will be at the Macdonough Theater on April 27th. At a recent performance in New York, Rosenthal, who has been described throughout Europe as "the greatest living pianist," played to an audience of five thousand people, and he was pronounced "at his best" on this occasion, but it is impossible to say what such an artist's "best" is. All which caused wonderment at his previous performances was duplicated, and to them was added an intelligence raised to that degree of spirituality which places a barrier to commonplace activities of criticism. There would be room for discussion on this side of the artist's gifts and achievements had been displayed exclusively in these parts of the program devoted to music frankly designed to bring forward his technical abilities, but it was not. It was greatest in his opening number, which was Beethoven's last Sonata, that transcendent and transcendent composition which convention compels the world to describe by its opus or key as opus 10, or C minor, but which deserves a descriptive title as much as the "Heroic Symphony." If it can give distinction, Mr. Rosenthal's performance of this work was not only perfect on its technical side, but in its penetration into the composer's high imagination and uplifting in its embodiment of the composer's spiritual exhibition. He played the "Carnival" of Schumann with marvelous agility, and infused all its portions with a delightful sanity. He brought out the picturesque for which we are invited to look by Schumann's titles. But Rosenthal is inclined to be a bit philosophical, as he confessed by the analytical notes which he has designed for his compositions. There were moments of his playing of the Chopin pieces (Nocturne in F sharp, Valse in C sharp minor, Scherzo in B flat minor, and study in A flat), when the great audience was in ecstacy of delight, for it is a repositiveness in melodic enunciation and generous mood of tonal beauty. On the whole he played more from the heart and to the heart than ever before, without permitting anyone to forget that he is of all living pianists the technician without compare.

PEACE IN THE PERALTA DISTRICT.

Peralta School District,
Alameda County, Cal.
April 22, 1899.

Editor Oakland Tribune: Our present County Superintendent of Schools has had the boundaries of our school districts plainly described, mapped and published. This is well, but it has deprived us of one trustee, Mr. Logan.

There has been some discussion in Peralta and to lead this as much as possible a petition has been circulated asking Mr. Crawford to appoint Wm. Davis in place of the resigned Logan. This petition was presented to Mr. Crawford today, signed by twenty-two electors of the district.

As near as we can figure this includes all but seven of the electors, and one of these seven is Wm. Davis. One of the remaining six, perhaps two, would have signed had the petition reached them. So we trust smiling peace is near.

C. H. ALLISON,
Clark of Trustees.

WAREHOUSE BURNED AT ALTAMONT.

An early morning fire at Altamont recently resulted in the burning of the warehouses of George Beck & Co. and Beck & Owens. The buildings contained 150 tons of hay belonging to Anspercher Bros. and Robert Smith. The fire had gained considerable headway before discovered, and the inflammable nature of the contents of the building caused the rapid spread of the flames. The warehouses adjoined each other and the flames soon enveloped both. The loss is estimated at \$200,000, partially covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin.

**BUY THE GENUINE
SYRUP OF FIGS**
... MANUFACTURED BY ...
CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
NOTE THE NAME.

ROBBER SHOT BY POLICEMAN.

Chicago Officers Have
a Fierce Battle With
a Mob.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
CHICAGO, April 24.—Late last night four robbers were arrested by three policemen. While the policemen were taking their prisoners to the patrol box to call a wagon they were attacked by a number of friends of the prisoners, who were led by the wife of Elmer Anderson, one of the prisoners. A general fight followed. The officers, by the vigorous use of clubs and revolvers, managed to keep the mob at bay. Suddenly Anderson broke away from his captor, Policeman Garrity, and ran. Garrity drew his revolver and fired, and Anderson fell. At this juncture the gang of the approaching patrol wagon was heard and the mob scattered. Anderson was taken to the hospital, where his wound was pronounced fatal.

CHILD NEARLY ROASTED ALIVE.

Mamie Jackson was Dis-
covered Enveloped
in Flames.

Mamie Jackson, aged 14 years, had a narrow escape from being burned to death at 317 Everett street, Alameda, last night. She was saved by the timely arrival on the scene of Mrs. M. Fonda, who extinguished the flames which were feeding upon the girl's clothing and burning her side in a most painful manner. Mamie is an inmate of the Industrial Home, which is run at the number indicated by Mrs. Fonda. She took a lamp last night to light her bed. When hearing her room she became faint and fell unconscious to the floor. In falling the lamp was broken, the oil ignited and the flame set the girl's clothing on fire.

Mrs. Fonda from another part of the house, seeing an unusual glare near Mamie's room, went there and found the child enveloped in flames. She seized a door mat and wrapped it around the form of the girl and thus subdued the flames, which had burned the clothing on the left side and caused large blisters on the flesh. The flames did not restore the girl to consciousness, and had it not been for the timely arrival of Mrs. Fonda the girl would undoubtedly have been burned to death.

Mr. J. Young was called to attend the injured girl. He declares that she has been seriously injured, but that she may recover.

RESULT OF REOPENING LONG CLOSED MINES.

The reports of the Government's Geological Engineers as regards development in mining in this State and especially in the reopening of some of the most notable of the old mines, is most interesting. One of these reports is of interest to Oakland people. It is the report on the El Dorado mine, which is as follows:

"The El Dorado mine is situated on the Murry Creek ridge, about two miles north of El Dorado, and thirteen miles north of San Andreas, the county seat of Calaveras county, and is proving a very valuable property, from latest developments under the management of M. C. Rigney of Oakland, the brother of Superintendent Ed Rigney of the Rose Hill mine. It is an old location covered by a United States mineral patent. It was opened by Ritter, after whom the mine was named, but, owing to mismanagement, it was abandoned for some years, with an exception of several occasional trials. Until M. C. Rigney & Co. took hold of it, a lack of development was done to determine the richness and permanence of the property, though a large amount of work was done in and near the surface, where rich rock was extracted. But developments never reached a depth of more than seventy-five feet. Following the examples of men who succeeded in opening and operating the El Dorado, Rawhide, Kennedy, Gwin and Thompson abandoned mines, the present proprietors, M. C. Rigney & Co. determined to open the Ritter mine once more. They opened it by a tunnel about 300 feet long about 200 feet on a pay chute. As compared with rock from the surface and near the rock from a point of the largest development, the rock was far richer than all rock above the tunnel level. The very level is about 100 feet below the croppings. In the tunnel, the pay chute averages two feet wide, though in some places from three to seven feet wide, well defined walls. These walls are black slate and bedded black granite, with a few small veins of quartz. There is a considerable amount of pay ore taken out of the tunnel that will pay well. Black slates occasionally show that very fine sulphurets mostly of gold are found in quartz. The quartz is honeycombed and of a most rare and peculiar character. In fact, it is different from all other mines in the El Dorado mining district. My best estimate shows that there is in the neighborhood of 3,000 tons in sight according to development done. It can be mined and milled at a cost of less than \$2 per ton. Water for power can be obtained from the Emery ditch about a half mile from the mine. The ditch flumes and dams were enlarged and are now in good condition."

Lyon Corps Social.

A social and dance was given by the Lyon Relief Corps, No. 6, last Tuesday evening, at Loring Hall, which was a great success. The committee of arrangements deserve much credit for its management. The committee consisted of Mrs. C. Arbuckle, Mrs. J. Hamilton, Mrs. M. E. Carey and Mrs. E. E. Lewis. The program was as follows: Orchestra; vocal solo, Mrs. Cook; recitation, Mrs. A. Ayers; vocal solo, Ophelia Davidson; recitation, Mr. Windsor; band; A. Perugini; vocal medley, Mr. Arbuckle; vocal solo, T. Mooney. Several selections were played by the grand orchestra. Dancing was kept up until a late hour, and was well enjoyed.

JUDGE DEFIED BY GOVERNOR.

Lock Horns on Ques-
tion of Importing
Negroes.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
CHICAGO, April 24.—A special to the Tribune from Mansfield, Ark., says:

There is a serious conflict of authority here between Governor Jones and Judge Rodgers of the Federal Court at Fort Smith.

Judge Rodgers issued an injunction restraining the striking miners at Huntington from interfering with employees of the Kansas and Texas Coal Company. The company has imported many negroes from Kentucky, to take the place of strikers, and a carload was sent from St. Louis last night.

The Governor has ordered the Sheriff of Sebastian county to prevent the negroes being unloaded at this State, and is determined to keep them out.

Judge Rodgers has instructed the United States Marshal to serve the injunction on the Sheriff, thus enjoining him from interfering with the importation of the negroes.

The Governor fears a race war if they should be landed here, as the feeling against them is high.

CAPT. COGHLAN TO BE PUNISHED.

Blunt Talk About the
Germans Costs Him
His Command.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
NEW YORK, April 24.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

As a result of his allusion to the conduct of the German fleet at Manila during the war with Spain, Captain Joseph E. Coghlan will, in all probability, be relieved of the command of the Raleigh.

Secretary Long will not discuss Captain Coghlan's conduct, but he consented to say that no action would be taken until he had heard from that officer. It is presumed that Captain Coghlan received the letter sent by Secretary Long Saturday, and it is expected that he will be in the hands of the Secretary tomorrow or Tuesday.

Until action is taken in the matter it is hoped by department officials that Captain Coghlan will not make any further public utterances of a character reflecting upon the conduct of Germany during the war. The Department's communication indicates its displeasure that Captain Coghlan should permit himself to make statements prejudicial to the friendly relations between the United States and a foreign government.

The Pathfinder Coming.

NEW YORK, April 24.—The United States coast survey steamer Pathfinder will begin sailing on supplies today at the Brooklyn navy yard. It is expected that she will sail for the Pacific Coast about the middle of next week.

Creelman and Dewey.

Of course you have read of James Creelman's accounts of himself in the papers he has written on Spanish-American war subjects. Yes, surely, you remember them, certainly, the prophecies of capital in those papers. That's just like the mischievous James. There's a new story about it in circulation down at Washington just now.

It seems that Mr. Creelman was sent to Manila as the emissary of a great journal of New York to offer Admiral Dewey the nomination of the presidency.

"You go there, Mr. Creelman, and interview the Admiral on the subject," said the editor of the paper.

So James went home and packed his dress suit case and departed, after assuring the editor "I'll succeed in getting him to look with the most favorable light upon the plan. I know him and he knows me. I have confidence in my influence and I know everything will come out as we want it to."

So James went to Manila.

He came back on the side of the "Olympic" and reported to the editor of the paper, "Hello, George, say, I've got something great up my sleeve for you."

"What is it, Mr. Creelman?" asked the editor, putting aside his coffee cup.

"I'll come up there and tell you, George," and Mr. Creelman clambered up to the bridge. "I've come away down here to the emissary of my paper. You know I'm on the greatest paper in America now. Me and Hearst run it. I come to tell you that, as the leading representative of that paper, I want your consent to the presentation of your name in my paper as that of the man who will be the next President. I know you know me and can depend upon me. And I know you. In other words, I come to offer you the nomination for the Presidency. And I offer you my heartfelt congratulations. And I know you will take it for my sake."

"Oh, no," replied the Admiral. "I don't want it, man," exclaimed Mr. Creelman. "Why, you must take it. I want you particularly, Admiral."

"No, no, no, no," replied the Admiral, waving his hand away and taking up his coffee cup. "I've other fish to fry. You take it, Jim."—Detroit Free Press.

Come to Stay.

Mrs. Blinn—"The Dobsons at last have a girl they hope to keep."

Mrs. Grimm—"Absurd! Where is such a girl to be found?"

Mrs. Blinn—"She was born to them yesterday."—Philadelphia North American.

If Coffee Digests

All is well. About one person in 3 suffers some form of bodily ail that gradually disappears when coffee is left off entirely.

Then "what to drink" is the question. Foxtrot Food Coffee is the nearest approach to taste (identical when carefully made) but instead of being a drug, it is the highest form of nourishment, fattening and strengthening babies, children and adults.

LONDON PAPERS SCORE COGHLAN.

Think the Captain Was
Guilty of a Grave
Indiscretion.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
LONDON, April 24.—The morning papers unanimously denounce the cable utterances of Captain Coghlan of the United States cruiser Raleigh regarding the relations between Admiral Dewey and the German commander at Manila as "indiscretions" and "violations of good manners." Most of them express the opinion that Germany will treat the incident with "dignified silence."

The Standard says: "While Aguinaldo defies the United States it is not for an individual American to offer insult to other nationalities."

The Daily News and the Mail nevertheless accept Coghlan's statement as the true version of Germany's attitude at that time.

The Times says: "The promptitude and severity of the rebuke administered to Captain Coghlan and the approval it meets in public opinion are remarkable signs of the great change wrought in America by the events of the past year. There have been times, even recently, when it is more than doubtful if such an offense would have been thus punished."

"War and the wide responsibilities it has entailed seem suddenly to have raised the nation to a true conception of the dignity of the country. This example of dignified self-respect should be a lesson to the Chauvinist press of the continental monarchy, which more particularly poses as a stickler for diplomatic etiquette."

NO RIGHT TO HIS HONORS.

Capt. Wilde Protests
Against Miller's
Promotion.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
WASHINGTON, April 24.—Captain D. F. Wilde, U. S. N., of the cruiser Boston, has protested against the promotion of Colonel Miller to be a Brigadier-General as a reward for the capture of Iloilo.

It appears that this capture was effected entirely by the naval forces and the command of Captain Wilde, and that it was not until after the capture had been effected that the place was turned over to Colonel Miller, who up to that time had nothing to do with its capture. This action is endorsed by Admiral Dewey.

Wilde's protest comes too late to be effective, as Colonel Miller was promoted to Brigadier-General February 15, in recognition of his services in the capture of Iloilo, and was retired in that grade on March 2, by operation of law on account of age.

He was in command of the expedition sent from Manila for the capture of Iloilo and the cruisers Boston and Petrel were sent with him to render assistance.

While the vessels of the expedition were lying off the port the natives began to strengthen their defenses and fired several shots at the Petrel, which vessel was anchored nearest the shore. The command of that same warship asked and received permission of Captain Wilde of the Boston to respond.

At this time, according to naval advices, General Miller's army transports were far out in the roadstead. Without communicating with General Miller, the two warships opened on the shore batteries and soon silenced them. Lieutenant Niblick of the Boston landed with a battalion of marines and sailors and took possession of the town. They captured the insurgent flag on the Governor's house and on the batteries and turned the city over to General Miller on his arrival, an hour or so later. They kept the captured flag, however, in spite of General Miller's demand for them.

This is the naval story of the battle of Iloilo. The official report of that engagement first received in Washington was one by General Miller to the War Department and simply announced the surrender of that city to the American forces under his command without going into particulars. Acting upon this report, and in view of the fact that General Miller had but a few minutes to serve in the active list, the President appointed him to a vacancy then existing among the high officials.

A FATAL TRAIN WRECK.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
DENVER, April 24.—On the Southern Pacific, east of Glen Bend, a westbound freight train crashed into a burning bridge. All the cars were piled on the engine and caught fire. Conductor Dovey and Fireman Courtney were buried in the wreck and burned to death. Engineer Adams was badly injured and was taken to his home at Tucson on a special train.

COURT NOTES.

The estate of Elizabeth Linford, deceased, has been appraised at \$7,700. It consists principally of an interest in a ranch near San Leandro.

The decree in the action of the Alameda Savings Bank against Lizzie Carr, executrix of the estate of William H. Carr, deceased, has been overruled.

Annie Dougherty has notified Daniel J. Dougherty that she will make a motion Monday for alimony for the support of her minor child, pending her action for divorce.

Annie McDermott has been granted letters of administration on the estate of Bernard McDermott, deceased, with bond fixed at \$14,000. J. F. Gordon, Daniel Crowley and James McMenus are the sureties.

The appointment of E. H. White as Deputy Constable has been revoked.

HE BUNCOED MANY FRIENDS.

Now Thomas Baylis Is
a Prisoner Behind
the Bars.

Thomas Baylis of Fruitvale is confined in the County Jail with two charges of obtaining money under false pretenses against him. He is also charged with petty larceny for stealing a watch from his former employer, John Poulson, a duymann of Fruitvale.

Baylis was first arrested by Deputy Constable Torris on a charge of having obtained money from John McNamee. He said he wished to raise \$15 to call out his friend, Theodore Mason, who, he claimed, had been arrested by Deputy Constable Quinlan.

After the money was given, McNamee made inquiries and found that Baylis had been telling him a falsehood. A warrant was sworn out and Baylis arrested.

This morning Baylis was taken before Justice Larue of East Oakland. He pleaded not guilty to the charge and was remanded to the custody of the Sheriff.

In the meantime two more complaints had been filed against Baylis.

Samuel Bart, a rancher of Upper Fruitvale told how he had been buncoed out of \$2 on the story that Baylis wanted to raise bail money for his friend. Baylis asked for \$15 but as his victim had only \$2 he said he would accept that amount and try to raise the rest elsewhere.

The third complaint was filed by John Poulson, who stated that Baylis had stolen a watch from him valued at \$20. The watch was subsequently found in a pawn shop on Broadway, where Baylis had sold it for \$3.50.

Deputy Constable Quinlan arrested Baylis on the two latter charges this morning.

Baylis was able to secure the money from his victims because he was known. He has been employed around Fruitvale as a farm-hand for some time.

HE ADVOCATES A TARPEIAN ROCK.

How a Chicago Doctor
Would Deal With
Criminals.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
CHICAGO, April 24.—Dr. Daniel E. Brewer, one of the most prominent physicians, in a lecture advocated the establishment of a Tarpeian rock in Chicago, unless the city secures a new code of criminal law. He said:

"The percentage of criminals has increased so rapidly in the United States, that we now have one habitual or hereditary criminal in every thousand people. Criminals propagate, marry and multiply unrestrained, and unless we change our laws, we will continue to increase at the same rate. We have in the past until it is appalling to contemplate the result. If Chicago does not soon have a new code of criminal laws it would be wiser to have a Tarpeian rock like the Romans did, from which malefactors and degenerates might be thrown to death. We should have laws controlling marriage, so that degeneracy may be checked by preventing the union of criminal, diseased or lunatic couples."

BURGLARS MAKE HAUL IN EAST OAKLAND.

The police have been notified that the residence of Lee Ruchs at 1313 Fifteenth avenue was entered by burglars Saturday night and property of considerable value taken.

The family was absent at the time, and, taking advantage of the fact, the thieves ransacked the house from the garret to the basement. Among other things taken were a number of diamonds and watches of considerable value.

A Wise Pig.

Pigs that have amazed vast audiences at the circus by their performances are not to be mentioned in the same breath with the young porker the following account of which was sent to the Record by a person who has heretofore been considered thoroughly reliable and truthful: "One of the big dars going down Tenth street on Thursday, having to stop at the corner of Carpenter street, the boys who were utilizing the rear end for a ride were surprised and delighted to see a pig try to scramble up beside them. Kindly hands helped him, and he sat content among the free riders until a small crowd of boys was reached, when he intimated by grunts and squealing that he wanted to get off the drey. He was assisted to the street, and immediately made his way to a doorstep where he was at home, as he was soon admitted to the house. He is a pet pig owned by a dermatologist, who is making experiments upon him with newly invented hair tonics. Every few days piggy appears on the doorstep with bristles of a different color, and it is said his hairs really begin to curl, owing to the application of castor oil and quinine. Recently, having been treated with peroxide of hydrogen, he has been of a most beautiful gold color. Piggy is bathed every day, has his teeth brushed with lusterine, and sits on the front steps with the children, occasionally strolling a square or two with them. The fact that he knew his way home and preferred to ride there has made him quite a hero in the neighborhood."—Philadelphia Record.

**Like the delicate
Sweet of
Grape-Nuts.**

The newest breakfast food in the market and probably the most scientifically made. They are so easy of digestion that babies in arms grow fat on the Grape-Nuts.

Try for your breakfast tomorrow.

GROCERS SELL.

At ABRAHAMSON'S DRESS SKIRTS



The enormous business we are doing in Dress Skirts is a sure sign that styles and prices must be right. This is the season for renewing your skirt needs. We were never better prepared. Ladies will find here only desirable goods, good material, the proper cut, strictly tailor made.

Black Brilliant Skirts—Percaline lined and velvet bound.

\$1.55

Black Cheviot Serge Skirts—strap seams, percale lined and interlined, corduroy bound.

\$4.00

Handsome Plaid Skirts—cut in new circular shape. Made in our own workroom.

\$5.00

SUMMER SKIRTS

Crash Skirts with strap over flounce White Pique Skirts, heavy wale

50c

A handsome line of Blue Duck, Black Pique and Novelty Skirts at \$1.25, 1.50, 1.75, 2.00 up to 5.00

465, 467, 469, 471
Thirteenth St. **ABRAHAMSON BROS.** South east Corner Washington

PECULIAR DEATH OF A STEVEDORE

Body Crushed by Flying
Ends of a Broken
Rope.

While at work on the bark Mohican at Long Wharf Saturday afternoon Joseph Nevez, a longshoreman residing at 39 Louisiana street, was caught by the broken end of a rope attached to a donkey engine and his life crushed out.

Nevez was standing on the main-deck near an open hatch through which a sling load of sugar was being rapidly hoisted. The load caught on the edge of the deck, breaking the rope. The flying rope struck Nevez with such force that he was thrown off his feet. The ropes coiled about the man's body, crushing out his life and holding his body in the air. When the engine was stopped the body dropped into the bay.

When recovered from the bay the body was broken as if on a rock and bore a marked resemblance to that of the unknown dead man picked up in the bay last week.

An inquest will be held today.

Notes About Women.

The first woman pensioner of the Spanish war is Mrs. S. G. Gibbith of Austin, Tex. whose husband, a Major of the Eleventh Infantry, died in Porto Rico last summer.

Mrs. Elizabeth Brown, the English astronomical observer, who has just died, observed several total eclipses of the sun, going in 1887 to Kichima, near Moscow, in 1891 to Trinidad and in 1898 to Yucatan, in Yucatan.

The widow of Governor Morton, Indiana's war executive, is compiling a book from letters and conversations of her late husband, who played so important a part in the war of the rebellion.

The Queen's new yacht is to be launched at Pembroke this month, but will not be ready for use until another summer. The Duchess of York is for launch the vessel, which is built entirely for pleasure cruising.

Mrs. Jophert wife of the commander-in-chief of the American forces, is said to be the only woman now living who can truthfully be called a woman General. She has accompanied her husband on all the wars he has undertaken, and it is well known among the Boers that to her was due the defeat of the English at Maguba. The commander-in-chief and the other commanders considered the English position to be unassailable, but Mrs. Joubert thought otherwise, and at her advice her husband's army went forward to victory. On all the campaigns the woman General goes, giving advice, consulting with her husband, looking after his personal comfort and going about among the thousands of armed men like one of themselves.

Notes About Men.

The late J. T. Stone of Nevada, Ia., had a remarkable record. He served as the Nevada Representative almost continuously for thirty-one years.

Peter Dunne, the author of the "Doeley" papers, will make a lecturing tour through England.

Senator John M. Thornton of Nebraska made an informal address at the Union League in Philadelphia on Friday night. Among other things he said he had changed, and was no longer a conservative. He is a self-educated scientist, this country's attitude in the present Philippine situation was right. He regarded Aguinaldo's uprising as simply a rebellion and anarchy which must be crushed.

John Quern, a waiter who has served the patrons of Delmonico's restaurant in New York for many years, bought fifty shares of Brooklyn Rapid Transit stock last April. He has just closed after doubling and redoubling his purchases, with a winning of about \$100,000. Quern is an inventor as well as a waiter and is now going to develop and perfect an active, but an annexation. He believed that he was being deceived for some time. He is a self-educated scientist, much respected in his opinions by many mechanical experts.

For several months the family of Major M. W. Wilkinson, who was killed in the battle with the Pillager Indians on Bear Island, October 5, has been looking for his sword. They thought it had been stolen while Wilkinson's remains were being brought to Fort Snelling for burial. An emissary was sent four hundred miles to the north in search of the lost sword. He secured the weapon from Boga-a-Ma-Ge-Shik, the chief who conducted the battle at Bear Lake, twenty-six miles northwest of Walker. The sword will be forwarded to Mrs. Wilkinson in California.

DAKOTA TROOPS MISREPRESENTED.

Lieutenant Governor
Denies They Are Sick
of War.

Associated Press Dispatches by
The Tribune's Special Leased Wire
WASHINGTON, April 24.—The President has received a letter from John T. Keane, Lieutenant-Governor of South Dakota, opposing the views on the recall of volunteers in Manila made public by the Governor of the State. It says in part: "Mr. President: In view of the open letter recently addressed to you by the Governor of this State, representing that the people of South Dakota are demanding the immediate recall of the First South Dakota Regiment, I deem it to be my duty to express to you the real sentiments of the people of this State, as evidenced by hundreds of letters, by public and private expressions and by the utterances of the great majority of the newspapers. From expressions of indignation which have come to me from every side I feel justified in declaring that the letter of Governor Keane is a gross misrepresentation of the sentiment and feeling of the people of South Dakota."

"The people of this State will never endure a policy which would haul down Old Glory at Manila and substitute the red flag of anarchy, and our brave boys in the ranks, as their letters amply testify, will be slow to forgive the charges. We believe that the problems of the Orient will be settled in consonance with the spirit and genius of American life and purpose, dictated by the highest principles of constitutional liberty and civilization, and our brave boys in the field will interpret the meaning of the flag under tropical skies, not as the banner of oppression, but as the signal of freedom and the emblem of order, justice, contentment and thrift."

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used for children teaching. It soothes the child, softens the gums, always all pain, cures colic and whooping cough, and is a remedy for diarrhoea. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

They make one feel as though life was worth living. Take one of Carter's Little Liver Pills after dinner; it will relieve dyspepsia, aid digestion, giving tone and vigor to the system.

Folding Beds.

And sofas offered at great sacrifice. Bargains all through our store for number of days. J. J. Scheilhaus, 408 Eleventh street, corner Franklin street.

Allen's Press Clipping Bureau.

50 Montgomery street, S. F. Established 1888. Furnishes newspaper clippings and information on all topics, business and personal.

GIRARD PIANO CO.

This Month
New Pianos
in oak, walnut and mahogany cases from... \$225 up

Terms \$10 Cash and \$6 per Month

NO AGENTS EMPLOYED.

Call and examine.

A Good Chickering Upright Piano for... \$200

A Sohmer Upright for... \$275

An Emerson for... \$335

GIRARD PIANO CO.

1112 BROADWAY.

NERVITA PILLS Restores VITALITY, Cures Impotency, Night Emissions and wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse, or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth.

By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for \$2.50; with a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Send for circular. Address:

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

FOR SALE BY
Owl Drug Co., Oakland, Cal.

USE OF ONE-CENT STAMPS

Post Office Records.

Ten thousand circulars were heaped on a long table in the advertising department of a great retail establishment in one of the principal shopping districts. They were contained in as many envelopes, to which a half dozen clerks were engaged in affixing two-cent postage stamps.

"One-cent stamps would surely carry these circulars through the mail," suggested a visitor; "there's no writing in them. Why do you waste an extra stamp in postage?"

"You're right," admitted the manager of the department. "The circulars are sent by registered mail, and the post office requires a two-cent stamp for each one."

rate, but his retail business is so small that he is unable to depart from the general rule. He will utilize the stamps in the advertising matter, but in the case of notifying regular customers, he will use the stamps in the billings, and in the case of openings or special sales long ago he discovered that it was false economy to use one-cent stamps. In the case of the stamps, he is not a tropical bird. He is a bird of the tropics. In the past, for in these times the busy man or woman—and who, pray, is not busy?—would not take the time to open a circular, and he knows at a glance that it contains advertising matter, and, therefore, without more ado, tosses it into the waste basket.

Every person likes to be addressed personally, and he likes to know in advance that such is not the case makes a bad impression. Thus the difference between one-cent and two-cent postage covers stamps with handwriting, and the advertiser who puts a stamp in his headline, you may think this is drawing it a trifle fine, but advertising has become so important to commercial success that it is absolutely nothing can be done without it. A two-cent stamp usually guarantees the sender that his envelope will be opened. The attractiveness and general interest of the circular must be depended on to do this best.

Now, the matter of postage and the distribution of advertising through the mail, the great retail houses of the world have brought their salesmen to the verge of an exact science. For example, a large number of circulars you see in the store are very ornate, and cost a dollar for the entire 70,000, or three or four pieces. Were they not for the one-cent stamp on them at least, they would be thrown away, and means a loss of \$40 for the inches of \$6 for postage and about \$30 for the paper and addressing, making a total of \$70 for the entire 70,000. The cost of the circular is \$10, but that assurance each circular will meet the eye of the person to whom it is addressed, and therefore minimize your possible loss. In advertising, all a matter of figured and signed calculation and arithmetical

"The adoption of the two-cent stamp is also due to the increased cost of advertising matter distributed by the mails. Nowadays, it costs four or five cents to mail a house, and the publishers of business houses send their regular customers very crude or simple little sheets, quoting prices and perhaps decorated with a few small, indifferently executed cuts. The "Advertiser" has printed on ordinary paper, cost but a trifle and sent through under cover of one-cent stamps. The modern circular, pamphlet or letter, common to the large class of houses is very different. The cover design is drawn by an artist of skill. The illustrations are often equal to those of the leading magazines, and the press is frequently of the highest quality. In the order of literary merit, of course, the mechanical work is in accord, and thus the cost of publications, trifling though the contributions to laymen, is a serious matter to the advertiser. The advertisement is paid for in advance. When such outlay of money is made the department must be reasonably certain that the circular will at least reach the proper class of readers. It would be foolish to use one-cent stamps which at once suggests something cheap and of no special significance.

"One-cent stamps are rapidly passing out of use. New York mail people told me an employee of the post office said it is surprising to notice that there comes in or goes out every day covered by two-cent stamps which were only used a year ago we seldom saw a one-cent stamp on a newspaper pamphlet or the less the package carried more weight. Now the two-cent stamp is the standard rate for newspaper wrapping and the use of the one-cent stamp is confined to persons who mail no letters, meetings and receptions, as a rule, amounts to little or nothing. It is true that the election of the President has, I think, have forgotten the thing as a one-cent stamp even though it is."—New York Herald.

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